

Teacher's Guide: Gospel of Luke

Below are the Questions (Q) and Answers (A) for each chapter, designed to support leaders as they guide students through the Gospel of Luke.

Luke 1 — The Births Foretold and Zechariah's Song

Q1. How does God's promise to Zechariah and Mary show His faithfulness?

A1. God keeps His promises even when situations seem impossible. He works according to His timing and purposes.

Q2. What can we learn from Mary's humble "yes" to God?

A2. Mary models obedient faith—trusting God even without full understanding.

Q3. How does Mary's song reflect trust and joy in God's plan?

A3. Her praise reveals confidence in God's character, His mercy, and His power to fulfill His promises.

Luke 2 — The Birth of Jesus and the Shepherds

Q1. Why do you think God announced Jesus' birth to shepherds first?

A1. God revealed the good news to the humble and ordinary, showing Christ came for all people.

Q2. How did Simeon and Anna recognize Jesus as the Messiah?

A2. They were spiritually sensitive and devoted to God, allowing them to recognize His work.

Q3. What does the birth story teach about God's care for the humble and faithful?

A3. God sees and honors those who faithfully seek Him, regardless of status.

Luke 3 — John the Baptist Prepares the Way

Q1. What does repentance really mean, according to John?

A1. Repentance means a true change of heart that leads to changed actions.

Q2. Why did Jesus choose to be baptized, even though He had no sin?

A2. Jesus identified with humanity and demonstrated obedience as He began His ministry.

Q3. How does God affirm Jesus' identity?

A3. God declares Jesus His beloved Son and sends the Holy Spirit upon Him.

Luke 4 — The Temptation and the Start of Jesus' Ministry

Q1. How did Jesus resist temptation?

A1. Jesus used Scripture to confront and overcome the enemy's lies.

Q2. Why is Scripture powerful in spiritual battles?

A2. It exposes deception and anchors us in truth and authority.

Q3. How does Jesus' early ministry model obedience and service?

A3. Jesus follows God's direction, teaches truth, and compassionately meets people's needs.

Luke 5 — Jesus Calls His First Disciples

Q1. What does it mean to be "fishers of men"?

A1. It means drawing people to Jesus through faith, obedience, and witness.

Q2. How does Jesus' forgiveness of the paralytic show His authority?

A2. It reveals Jesus has authority over both physical sickness and sin.

Q3. What can we learn from the disciples leaving everything?

A3. True discipleship requires trust, surrender, and willingness to follow Jesus completely.

Luke 6 — Teachings on Love, Mercy, and Blessing

Q1. Which Beatitude stands out most, and why?

A1. The Beatitudes highlight the heart posture God blesses, such as humility and dependence on Him.

Q2. How does loving enemies challenge us?

A2. It calls us to reflect God's character rather than natural reactions.

Q3. Why does Jesus emphasize heart attitude?

A3. God values inward transformation over outward behavior alone.

Luke 7 — Faith, Healing, and Forgiveness

Q1. What does the centurion's faith teach?

A1. True faith trusts Jesus' authority completely, even without physical proof.

Q2. How does Jesus' compassion toward the widow and sinful woman inspire us?

A2. Jesus sees individuals and responds with grace, love, and restoration.

Q3. Why is faith essential?

A3. Faith positions us to receive God's work in our lives.

Luke 8 — Parables, Faith, and Jesus' Power

Q1. Which parable speaks to you most, and why?

A1. The parables reveal how hearts respond differently to God's Word.

Q2. How does Jesus show power over nature and evil?

A2. He calms storms, casts out demons, and heals sickness.

Q3. How does faith help us overcome fear?

A3. Faith shifts our focus from circumstances to Jesus' authority.

Luke 9 — Mission and the Cost of Discipleship

Q1. Why does Jesus send His disciples out with authority?

A1. To empower them to continue His ministry through dependence on God.

Q2. What does Peter's confession reveal?

A2. Peter recognizes Jesus as the Messiah through divine revelation.

Q3. What does taking up your cross mean?

A3. It means daily surrender, self-denial, and commitment to Jesus.

Luke 10 — Love, Service, and the Mission

Q1. What does the Good Samaritan parable teach about "neighbor"?

A1. A neighbor is anyone in need; love crosses boundaries and excuses.

Q2. Why is serving others vital?

A2. Service reflects God's heart and demonstrates genuine faith.

Q3. What does Jesus teach about humility and revelation?

A3. God reveals truth to those with humble, teachable hearts.

Luke 11 — Prayer and True Spirituality

Q1. What stands out about the Lord's Prayer?

A1. It focuses on honoring God, seeking His will, receiving provision, and living in forgiveness.

Q2. Why does Jesus warn against hypocrisy?

A2. Hypocrisy hides sin instead of pursuing genuine transformation.

Q3. How do we show true faith?

A3. Through obedience, spiritual fruit, and sincere devotion.

Luke 12 — Trust and Readiness

Q1. How does Jesus teach us to handle fear?

A1. By trusting God's care and remembering our value to Him.

Q2. Why value heavenly treasures over earthly ones?

A2. Earthly things fade, but what we invest in God's kingdom lasts forever.

Q3. What does it mean to live ready for Jesus' return?

A3. Living responsibly, obediently, and with eternal focus.

Luke 13 — Repentance and the Kingdom

Q1. Why does Jesus stress repentance?

A1. Repentance is essential for entering God's kingdom.

Q2. What does the healing of the woman show?

A2. Jesus' compassion and authority to restore both physically and spiritually.

Q3. What do the parables teach about faith?

A3. Faith grows through persistence and trust in God's work.

Luke 14 — Humility and the Cost of Following Jesus

Q1. What does Jesus teach about humility?

A1. True greatness is found in serving, not seeking honor.

Q2. Why count the cost before following Jesus?

A2. Discipleship requires full commitment and sacrifice.

Q3. What does Jesus reveal about generosity?

A3. God values serving and blessing those who cannot repay.

Luke 15 — Lost Things and God's Heart

Q1. How does God show love for the lost?

A1. He actively seeks them and rejoices when they return.

Q2. What can we learn from the prodigal's repentance?

A2. God graciously welcomes all who return with humility.

Q3. How should these parables shape our view of others?

A3. With compassion, grace, and joy—not judgment.

Luke 16 — Stewardship and Faithfulness

Q1. What does the dishonest manager teach about stewardship?

A1. Wise stewardship uses earthly resources for eternal impact.

Q2. How can we use resources for God's kingdom?

A2. By giving, serving, and investing in what honors God.

Q3. Why is faithfulness in small things important?

A3. It prepares us for greater responsibilities in God's kingdom.

Luke 17 — Forgiveness and Gratitude

Q1. Why is forgiveness essential?

A1. It reflects God's mercy and keeps relationships healthy.

Q2. What does the story of the ten lepers teach?

A2. Many receive God's blessings, but few return with gratitude.

Q3. How do we stay ready for God's kingdom?

A3. By living faithfully, obediently, and with spiritual awareness.

Luke 18 — Prayer, Humility, and Faith

Q1. What does the persistent widow teach about prayer?

A1. Persistent, believing prayer honors God's justice and faithfulness.

Q2. How does the tax collector model humility?

A2. He acknowledges his sin and seeks God's mercy with sincerity.

Q3. What does it mean to receive the kingdom like a child?

A3. With trust, openness, and dependence on God.

Luke 19 — Transformation and Jesus' Kingship

Q1. How did Zacchaeus change after meeting Jesus?

A1. He repented, made restitution, and transformed his life.

Q2. What does the triumphal entry reveal?

A2. Jesus enters as the humble, promised King fulfilling prophecy.

Q3. How can we live faithfully each day?

A3. By honoring Jesus as King and living with purpose and accountability.

Luke 20 — Authority and God's Wisdom

Q1. How does Jesus respond to challenges from leaders?

A1. With divine wisdom that exposes their motives and reveals truth.

Q2. Why is sincere devotion more important than appearances?

A2. God values genuine worship, not outward show.

Q3. What does Jesus teach about resurrection?

A3. That God is the God of the living and promises eternal life.

Luke 21 — Watchfulness and End-Time Faithfulness

Q1. Why does Jesus warn believers to be watchful?

A1. To remain spiritually prepared and not be deceived or overwhelmed.

Q2. How should believers respond to trials?

A2. With endurance, trust, and confidence in God's presence.

Q3. What does it mean to live with an eternal perspective?

A3. Focusing on God's kingdom rather than temporary things.

Luke 22 — The Last Supper and Surrender

Q1. What does the Last Supper teach?

A1. Jesus' body and blood establish a new covenant of forgiveness.

Q2. How does Jesus' prayer in Gethsemane model surrender?

A2. He submits fully to the Father's will, even in suffering.

Q3. What do we learn from Peter's denial?

A3. Human weakness requires God's strength and grace.

Luke 23 — The Crucifixion

Q1. How does Jesus show love during His crucifixion?

A1. He forgives His enemies and entrusts Himself to God.

Q2. What does the repentant criminal reveal about grace?

A2. Salvation is available to all who turn to Jesus in faith.

Q3. Why is the crucifixion central to our faith?

A3. Jesus' sacrifice paid the price for sin and opened the way to God

Luke 24 — The Resurrection and Commission

Q1. Why is the resurrection foundational to Christianity?

A1. It proves Jesus' victory over sin and death and confirms Him as Lord.

Q2. How does Jesus explain God's plan after His resurrection?

A2. By opening Scripture and showing how all points to Him.

Q3. What does the Great Commission require of us?

A3. To share the gospel, trust His presence, and make disciples.



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